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illness and 56 deaths occurred. In Calcutta, during the two weeks from June 17 to June 30, 1900, there were 67 cases of illness and 67 deaths in the first week, 80 cases of illness and 79 deaths in the second.

HONGKONG.—During the week from July 1 to July 7, 65 cases of illness were ascertained and 68 deaths, including the corpses found of plague-stricken persons.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize—Fruit port.

BELIZE, BRITISH HONDURAS, *September 7, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that but 1 death has occurred in this town during the past week. It was a native colored child, under 5 years of age, who died of diphtheria. The gravity of the case was not recognized by the family, so the child was almost in articulo mortis when first seen by the physician, and died a few hours later. This is the fifth case of diphtheria reported, with 3 deaths, in the last six weeks.

The London steamer *Severn* cleared from this port via Norfolk, Va., on the 4th instant; master, George Norris; cargo, mahogany and logwood; crew, 32; 7 passengers from this place for Norfolk; 15 pieces of baggage disinfected. The steamer *Stillwater*, Galt, cleared for New Orleans this a. m.; no passengers; cargo, fruit and mail; crew, 32.

Respectfully,

NORWOOD K. VANCE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

CANADA.

Smallpox reported at Stanbridge.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *September 10, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to inclose for your information copy of a dispatch from the commercial agent at Stanbridge, Canada, reporting several cases of smallpox in his district.

Respectfully,

DAVID J. HILL,

Acting Secretary.

HON. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

[Inclosure.]

STANBRIDGE, QUEBEC, CANADA, *September 4, 1900.*

SIR: I have to report the appearance of smallpox in this consular district. There are 3 cases at St. Alexandre and 2 at St. Sebastian. No deaths have thus far occurred.

Respectfully,

FELIX S. S. JOHNSON,

Commercial Agent.

HON. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

Report of immigrants inspected at the port of Quebec, Canada, during the month of August, 1900.

Total number of immigrants inspected, 2,142; number passed, 2,126; number certified for deportation on account of dangerous contagious or loathsome diseases, or for other physical causes, 16.

Disposition of immigrants certified for deportation.—Number cases pending at beginning of month, 53; number cases certified for deportation during month, 16; total to be accounted for, 69; number cases deported,

none; number cases admitted, 4; number cases pending at close of month, 65.

J. B. STONER,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

COLOMBIA.

Report from Bocas del Toro—Fruit port—One death from yellow fever.

BOCAS DEL TORO, *September 4, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit the report for the week ended September 1, 1900.

The British steamship *Brookline*, List, master, was inspected and cleared August 29, 1900.

This inspection was made by Medical Officer Jumel, of the Louisiana State board of health, acting for Acting Assistant Surgeon Mohr, incapacitated on account of severe injury received while in performance of his duties on board of ship.

There is 1 death to be noted as occurring during the past week (August 25 to September 1), a white male, but I have been so far unable to learn any details or the precise cause of death. I am, however, not inclined to regard the death, from the information secured in a general way, as one resulting from contagion or infection.

The premises occupied by Dr. Paul Osterhaut, in which 1 case of yellow fever occurred, and the disinfection of which, owing to other sickness, had been delayed, were thoroughly disinfected August 26 ultimo, by Medical Officer Jumel.

I have to report 1 death from yellow fever (the third death and fifth case) occurring yesterday, September 3, over a month since the last case was reported. The patient, Carl Monel, German, age 21, three years resident of Bocas del Toro, was taken ill on the night of August 26, 1900, and had all the characteristic symptoms of yellow fever; disturbed correlation of pulse and temperature, albuminuria and black vomit; general and intense icterus followed soon after death. I witnessed the burning of bedding and upholstery of the room occupied by the deceased, as well as the subsequent disinfection of the premises with formalin, the condition of the room not permitting the use of the autoclave.

The external surface of coffin was washed, and the interior containing the body was saturated with the same disinfectant. The body was soon after transported in a small boat and towed by steam launch to the cemetery on Maceo Hill, some distance from the town.

Respectfully,

WM. H. CARSON,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report from Bocas del Toro—Diagnosis of reported case of yellow fever confirmed.

BOCAS DEL TORO, COLOMBIA,
via Port Limon, Costa Rica, September 5, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to confirm my cablegram of September 1, 1900: "One yellow fever, Bocas."

I left Bocas del Toro on the night of August 31, leaving Dr. W. H. Carson in charge of that station. The case referred to in my cable